WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

- 1. A method for switching between modems, each modem being employed in an MM-MB (multimode-multiband) terminal being under a WCDMA idle state, when the MM-MB terminal moves from an overlay zone into a CDMA-2000 zone, comprising the steps. of:
- (a) receiving a WCDMA signal transmitted from a WCDMA system, and measuring an Ec/Io (energy of carrier/interference of others) by using the WCDMA signal;
- (b) determining whether the Ec/Io is smaller than a predetermined CDMA-2000 ON threshold TH_{ON} ;
- (c) if the Ec/Io is smaller than the TH_{ON} , driving a timer to measure a time lapse, and determining whether the time lapse exceeds a preset CDMA-2000 ON condition time $H_{\rm d}$;
- (d) if the time lapse exceeds the H_{d} , activating a CDMA-2000 modem; and
- (e) performing an initialization for a CDMA-2000 system to switch the MM-MB terminal into a CDMA-2000 idle state.
 - 2. The switching method of claim 1, wherein the MM-MB terminal inspects a CPICH (common pilot channel) periodically to receive the WCDMA signal at step (a):

3. The switching method of claim 1, wherein the time lapse at step (c) is a cumulative time during which the

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Ec/Io is maintained smaller than the CDMA-2000 ON threshold.

4. The method of claim 1, wherein the initialization at step (e) is performed through a system determination substate, a pilot channel acquisition substate and a synchronous channel acquisition substate.

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- 5. The method of claim 1, wherein, after being switched into the CDMA-2000 idle state at step (e), the MM-MB terminal controls a WCDMA modem to be inactivated.
 - 6. A method for switching between modems, each modem employed in an MM-MB terminal being under a WCDMA traffic state when the MM-MB terminal moves from an overlay zone into a CDMA-2000 zone, comprising the steps of:
 - (a) receiving a WCDMA signal transmitted from a WCDMA system, and measuring an Ec/Io (energy of carrier/interference of others) by using the WCDMA signal;
- (b) determining whether the Ec/Io is smaller than a predetermined CDMA-2000 ON threshold TH_{ON} ;
 - (c) if the Ec/Io is smaller than the Th_{ON} , driving a timer to measure a time lapse, and determining whether the time lapse exceeds a preset CDMA-2000 ON condition time $H_{\rm d}$;
- (d) if the time lapse exceeds the H_{d} , activating a 25 CDMA-2000 modem, and determining whether a WCDMA call is terminated; and
 - (e) if the WCDMA call is determined to be terminated,

performing an initialization for a CDMA-2000 system to switch the MM-MB terminal into a CDMA-2000 idle state.

- 7. The method of claim 6, wherein the MM-MB terminal inspects a CPICH (common pilot channel) periodically to receive the WCDMA signal at step (a).
- 8. The method of claim 6, wherein the time lapse at step (c) is a cumulative time during which the Ec/Io is maintained smaller than the CDMA-2000 ON threshold.
 - 9. The switching method of claim 6, wherein, if the WCDMA call is not terminated, step (d) includes the steps of:
 - (d1) determining whether the Ec/Io is larger than a predetermined CDMA-2000 OFF threshold TH_{OFF} ;

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- (d2) if the Ec/Io is larger than the TH_{OFF} , driving the timer to measure another time lapse; and determining whether said another time lapse exceeds a preset CDMA-2000 OFF condition time H_{c} ; and
- 20 (d3) if said another time lapse exceeds the $H_{\rm c}$, inactivating the CDMA-2000 modem and returning to step (a).
 - 10. The method of claim 9, wherein, if the Ec/Io is larger than the TH_{OFF} at step (d1), the MM-MB terminal returns to step (d) to determine once more whether the WCDMA call is terminated.

- 11. The method of claim 9, wherein said another time lapse at step (d2) is a cumulative time during which the Ec/Io is maintained larger than the CDMA-2000 OFF threshold.
- The method of claim 9 or 11, wherein, if the time lapse does not exceed the CDMA-2000 OFF condition time H_c , the MM-MB terminal returns to step (d) to determine once more whether the WCDMA call is terminated.
- 10 13. The method of claim 6, wherein, if the WCDMA call is terminated, step (e) includes the steps of:
 - (e1) inspecting another service channel FA (frequency assignment) of the WCDMA system;
- (e2) determining whether another WCDMA signal is
 15 inspected; and
 - (e3) if said another WCDMA signal is inspected, switching the MM-MB terminal into a WCDMA idle state.
- 14. The method of claim 13, wherein, if said another WCDMA signal is not inspected at step (e2), the MM-MB terminal performs an initialization into the CDMA-2000 system to be switched into a CDMA-2000 idle state.
- 15. The method of claim 14, wherein, after being switched into the CDMA-2000 idle state, the MM-MB terminal controls a WCDMA modem to be inactivated.

16. A method for switching between modems, each modem being employed in an MM-MB (multimode-multiband) terminal being under a CDMA-2000 idle state, when the MM-MB terminal moves from a CDMA-2000 zone into an overlay zone, comprising the steps of:

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- (a) monitoring a paging channel periodically while maintaining the MM-MB terminal in the CDMA-2000 idle state;
- (b) analyzing an overhead message received from a CDMA-2000 system and determining whether the MM-MB terminal is located in the overlay zone;
- (c) if the MM-MB terminal is determined to be located in the overlay zone, activating a WCDMA modem; and
- (d) performing an initialization process for a WCDMA system to switch the MM-MB terminal into a WCDMA idle state.
- 17. The method of claim 16, wherein the MM-MB terminal determines whether the MM-MB terminal is located in the overlay zone by investigating a base ID of a system parameter message included in the overhead message at step (b).
- 18. The method of claim 16, wherein, if the MM-MB terminal is determined to be located in the overlay zone at step (b), the MM-MB terminal returns to step (a) to monitor the paging channel again.
- 19. The method of claim 16, wherein, after being switched

into the WCDMA idle state, the MM-MB terminal renders a CDMA-2000 modem inactivated.

- 20. A method for switching between modems, each modem

 5 being employed in an MM-MB (multimode-multiband) terminal
 being under a CDMA-2000 traffic state, when the MM-MB
 terminal moves from a CDMA-2000 zone into an overlay zone,
 comprising the steps of:
- (a) monitoring a paging channel periodically while maintaining the MM-MB terminal in the CDMA-2000 traffic state;
 - (b) analyzing an overhead message received from a CDMA-2000 system and determining whether the MM-MB terminal is located in the overlay zone;
- 15 (c) if the MM-MB terminal is determined to be located in the overlay zone, determining whether a CDMA-2000 call is terminated while maintaining the MM-MB terminal in the CDMA-2000 traffic state;
- (d) if the CDMA-2000 call is determined to be terminated, activating a WCDMA modem; and
 - (e) performing an initialization process for a WCDMA system to switch the MM-MB terminal into a WCDMA idle state.
- 21. The method of claim 20, wherein the MM-MB terminal determines whether the MM-MB terminal is located in the overlay zone by investigating a base ID of a system parameter message included in the overhead message at step

(b).

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- 22. The method of claim 20, wherein, if the MM-MB terminal is determined to be located in the overlay zone at step (b), procedure returns to step (a) to monitor the paging channel again.
- 23. The method of claim 20, wherein, after being switched into the WCDMA idle state, the MM-MB terminal renders a CDMA-2000 modem inactivated.
 - 24. A multimode-multiband terminal capable of accommodating both a synchronous CDMA-2000 service and an asynchronous WCDMA service and operating in at least two frequency bands, comprising:

an RF (radio frequency) antenna for transceiving a CDMA-2000 signal and/or a WCDMA signal;

an RF transceiver for demodulating a WCDMA pilot signal received from the RF antenna and outputting the demodulated WCDMA pilot signal;

a pilot signal measurement unit for measuring an intensity of the demodulated WCDMA pilot signal to generate an Ec/Io;

a WCDMA modem and a CDMA-2000 modem for processing a digital signal received from the RF transceiver and performing a call processing according to protocols defined by a WCDMA standard and a CDMA-2000 standard, respectively;

- a flash memory for storing a modem-to-modem switching program capable of performing a switching between the WCDMA modem and the CDMA-2000 modem based on an Ec/Io; and
- a controller for loading the modem-to-modem switching program and activating the CDMA-2000 modem if a time lapse during which the Ec/Io is maintained smaller than a predetermined CDMA-2000 ON threshold TH_{ON} , is greater than a preset CDMA-2000 ON condition time H_d .

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- 25. The multimode-multiband terminal of claim 24, wherein the controller loads the modem-to-modem switching program at the moment the Ec/Io starts to be smaller than the CDMA-2000.

 ON threshold or when it is determined that the multimode-multiband terminal enters an overlay zone by analyzing system information.
 - 26. The multimode-multiband terminal of claim 24, wherein, after the CDMA-2000 modem is activated and an initialization into a CDMA-2000 system is completed so that the multimode-multiband terminal is switched into a CDMA-2000 idle state, the controller controls the WCDMA modem under operation to be inactivated.
- 27. The multimode-multiband terminal of claim 24, wherein,
 25 even if the CDMA-2000 is activated, the controller controls
 the CDMA-2000 to be inactivated if a time lapse during which
 the Ec/Io is maintained larger than a predetermined CDMA-

2000 OFF threshold TH_{OFF} is greater than a preset CDMA-2000 OFF condition time $H_{\text{c}}.$

28. The multimode-multiband terminal of claim 24, wherein,

after the WCDMA modem is activated and an initialization
into a WCDMA system is completed so that the multimodemultiband terminal is switched into a WCDMA idle state, the
controller controls the CDMA-2000 modem under operation to
be inactivated.

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- 29. The multimode-multiband terminal of claim 24 or 27, wherein information upon the CDMA-2000 ON threshold TH_{ON} , the CDMA-2000 ON condition time H_d , the CDMA-2000 OFF threshold TH_{OFF} and the CDMA-2000 OFF condition time H_c are stored in the modem-to-modem switching program.
- 30. The multimode-multiband terminal of claim 24, further comprising a timer for detecting the time lapse and reporting the time lapse to the controller.

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